

“BASIC CUSTOMER AWARENESS FOR CYBER SECURITY”

A. Automated Teller Machine (ATM)



Steps to be taken care while using ATM

1. **Do not give your PIN number to anyone over the phone.** Thieves often steal cards and then call the victims for their PIN, claiming to be law enforcement or from the issuing bank.
 2. **Use an ATM located near the center of a building.** Always pay close attention to the ATM and your surroundings. Don't select an ATM at the corner of a building — corners create a blind spot.
 3. When leaving an **ATM make sure you are not being followed.** If you are, drive immediately to a police or fire station, or to a crowded, well-lighted location or business.
 4. Do not allow **people to look over your shoulder as you enter your PIN.** Memorize your PIN; never write it on the back of your card. Do not re-enter your PIN if the ATM eats your card — contact a bank official.
 5. **Do not wear expensive jewelry or take other valuables** to the ATM. This is an added incentive to the assailant.
 6. **Closely monitor your bank statements,** as well as your balances, and immediately report any problems to your bank.
 7. **Try to use the same ATM consistently;**
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8. **Always inspect the ATM & make sure it doesn't look different than before.** If it does, don't use it - and alert your banking institution;
9. Be wary of those trying to help you, especially when an ATM "eats" your card. They may be **trying to steal your card number and PIN**
10. **Never Speak you pin while you are using ATM machine**

B. Mobile Banking



Steps to be taken care while using Mobile Banking

1. **Never store your account information**, such as the account number, debit and credit card PINs, **on your mobile handset.**
2. **Use a banking app, never store your user name and password on your mobile handset for automatic login.** This may allow faster access, but is a potential hazard if the mobile falls in wrong hands.
3. **Never use mobile banking when you are on a public network, including free WiFi hotspots.** Always use your mobile service providers network or a password-protected WiFi connection.
4. Never **send your account information via text message.**
5. **Set a screen unlock pattern**, a number based or a text-based password.
6. **Be careful while downloading App.** Review & ratings are to be checked before downloading any app from Playstore because they can bring Malware.
7. **Don't click on malicious links** i.e. Got a mail inviting you to click on your bank's website? Don't fall for it because it could be a fake website designed to mimic your bank's official site. Never follow a banking link sent to you in a text message or e-mail.

8. **Use Social Media Sites judiciously** like Facebook etc. Users get trapped when they share sensitive information to scammers.
9. **Be aware of unsolicited calls** asking for sensitive information like OTP, PIN etc.

C. Internet Banking



Steps to be taken care while using Internet Banking

1. Use Only Secure Wi-Fi Networks
2. Use only those Banking sites which has “https” in their URL Address
3. Enable Two-Factor Authentication i.e. User Password & OTP
4. Disable Automatic Login Before Logging in to your Account. Always login a fresh and do not store your credentials in cookies
5. Beware of Phishing Calls, Texts and Emails asking for sensitive information like Password, OTP and other such details
6. Create a Strong Password having minimum 8 digits with Alpha, numeric, special character, Upper & lower case and difficult to guess
7. Use Antimalware (or Antivirus) Software on your computers to detect latest virus
8. Use only Official Banking Apps/website while performing transactions.

D. Website & Internet Usage (Personal & Professional)



Steps to be taken care while using any Website/Internet

1. **Always change your default passwords**, for each of your accounts, and change them at least once a month to keep your personal information safe;
2. **Use multifactor authentication** whenever possible, as well as secure passwords, to confirm your identity when you log into your accounts;
3. **Be sure to keep your operating system, browser, and other software up-to-date** with security patches to minimize threats from viruses and malware;
4. **Limit what you do over public Wi-Fi** and use software that creates a secure connection over the internet such as a Virtual Private Network (VPN) to safely connect from anywhere;
5. **Practice safe surfing and shopping**, checking that the site's address starts with "https", instead of just "http";
6. **Enable privacy settings** and increase the default security settings of the software you use;
7. **Be selective when sharing personal information** as this could be used by hackers to guess passwords and logins;
8. **Do not download pirated software**, as it is not only illegal, but almost always includes some type of malware;
9. **Back up your data**, Use an external hard drive, as this is the easiest way to recover from a ransomware attack.
